

Parent Training

Positive Behavioral Supports and Interventions

Behavioral Interventions

Behavioral interventions aim to increase the likelihood of desirable behaviors and decrease the likelihood of undesirable behaviors. Positive Behavioral Supports and Interventions are used to model, teach, and reinforce positive behavior in all students. The most effective and humane way to reduce undesirable behavior is by developing, strengthening, and generalizing desirable behavior to replace undesirable behavior. In some situations, students may need additional interventions and support to learn, practice, and demonstrate desirable behaviors. More restrictive behavioral interventions should be temporary and approached with utmost caution. Proactive strategies should always be used, even when more restrictive interventions are implemented. The use of restrictive interventions should be based on assessment, planning, supervision, evaluation, documentation, and protective measures. The use of restrictive interventions should maintain respect for the student's dignity and personal privacy and remain consistent with the educational goals of enhancing the student's academic, behavioral, social, and emotional growth.

It is important to note that the specific interventions used should be tailored to the individual student's needs and preferences. Regular assessment, collaboration with relevant professionals, and ongoing observation of the student's response to the interventions are crucial for determining their effectiveness and making necessary adjustments.

Positive Behavioral Supports and Interventions are prevention strategies and are		
preferred because of the low rise of negative side effects, and the high priority placed on		
teaching behavior opposed to managing and controlling behavior. They may be used		
without the development of a written behavioral intervention plan and without		
documentation in the individualized education program (IEP). Examples of these		
interventions include:		

Parent Training	Training the parents to help them become more of an active participant in their child's intervention. This allows
	interventions to be used in the home environment, increasing generalization of skills/behaviors.

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